

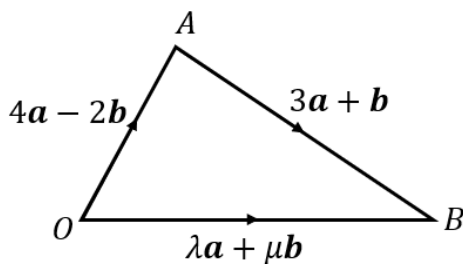
Equating Coefficients in Vectors

Find the values of λ and μ by equating coefficients of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} .

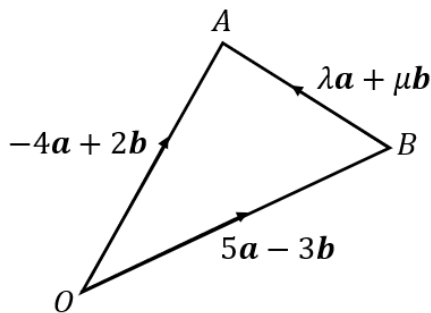
- (a) $4\mathbf{a} + \lambda\mathbf{b} = \mu\mathbf{a} + 6\mathbf{b}$
- (b) $\lambda\mathbf{a} - 5\mathbf{b} = -2\mathbf{a} + \mu\mathbf{b}$
- (c) $\lambda\mathbf{a} + \mu\mathbf{b} = 2\mathbf{a} + 6\mathbf{b} + 3\mathbf{a} - 3\mathbf{b}$
- (d) $-3\mathbf{a} + \lambda\mathbf{b} = 2\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b} + \mu\mathbf{a} + 5\mathbf{b}$
- (e) $2(2\mathbf{a} - \mu\mathbf{b}) + 3\mathbf{a} + 10\mathbf{b} = \lambda\mathbf{a} + 6\mathbf{b}$

In the vector diagrams shown, find the values of λ and μ .

(a)



(b)



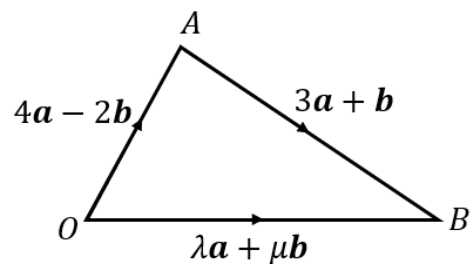
Equating Coefficients in Vectors

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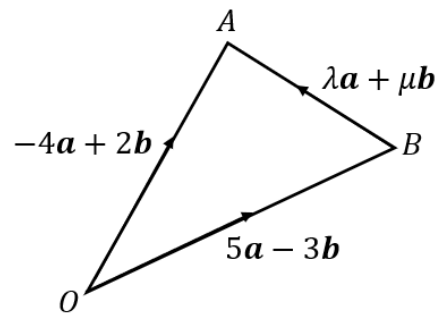
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(a)

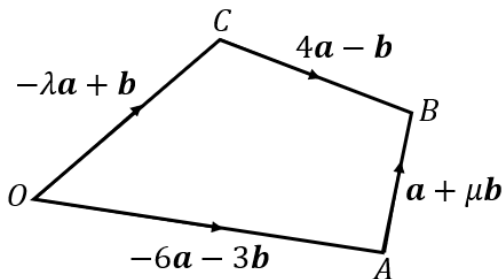


(b)

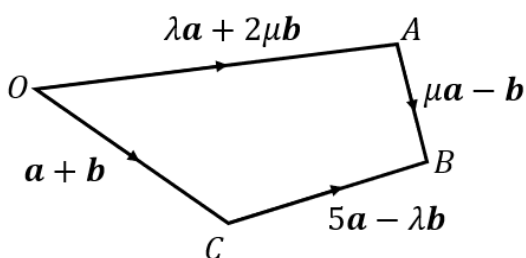


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(a)

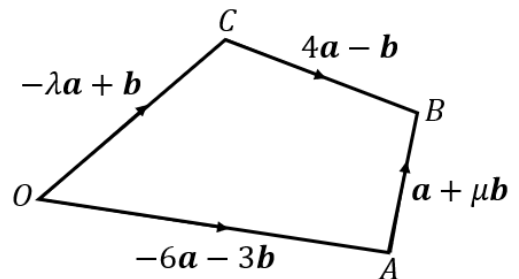


(b)



In the vector diagrams shown, find the values of λ and μ .

(a)



(b)

