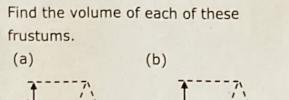
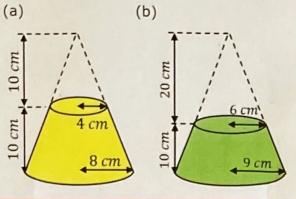
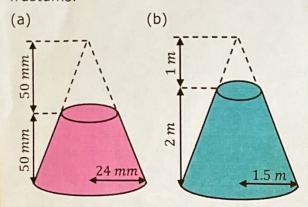
Volume and Surface Area of Frustums





- (a) \frac{1}{3}\pi_x8^2x20 \frac{1}{3}\pi_x4^2\sigmax10 = 1120T cm3 or 1170cm3
- (b) \frac{1}{3}\pi \qq^2 \cdot 30 \frac{1}{3}\pi \cdot 6^2 \cdot 20 = 570T cm3 or 1790cm3

Find the volume of each of these frustums.

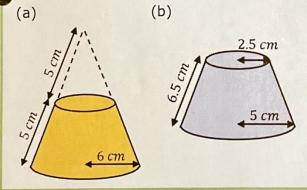


(a) 3T 242×100 - 3T122×50 = 16800 T mm3 or 52800mm3

$$(b)\frac{1}{3}\pi 1.5^{2}\times3 - \frac{1}{3}\pi 0.5^{2}\times1$$

= $\frac{13}{6}\pi m^{3}$ or $6.81m^{3}$

Find the curved surface area and total surface area of each of these frustums.



The base diameter of a frustum is 18 cm and the top diameter is 9 cm. If the frustum has a volume of $378\pi \ cm^3$, find its height.

(a) Curved Surface Area $= \pi \times 6 \times 10 - \pi \times 3 \times 5$

= 45TT cm2 or 141 cm2

Total Surface Area

 $=45\pi + \pi \times 3^2 + \pi \times 6^2$

= 90TCm2 or 282cm2

(b) Curved Surface Area = π x 5 x 13 - π x 2.5 x 6.5

= 195T cm2 or 153cm2

Total Surface Area

= 195T + 2.52 xT + 52 xT

= 80T cm2 or 251cm2 37811 = \frac{1}{2}\tau x92 x 2h - \frac{1}{2}\tau x4.52 xh

h=8cm