

## Solving Quadratics by Rearranging

(a)

$$\text{Solve } 42 - x^2 = 11x$$

$$x = -14, x = 3$$

(b)

$$\text{Solve } 8x^2 - 3 = 6 - 14x$$

$$x = \frac{1}{2}, x = -\frac{9}{4}$$

(c)

$$\text{Solve } 12 + x - 7x^2 = 28x + 8$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{7}, x = 4$$

(d)

$$\text{Solve } 3x(x - 2) = x + 10$$

$$x = \frac{10}{3}, x = -1$$

(e)

$$\text{Solve } (2x + 1)(x + 5) = 4x + 2$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{2}, x = -3$$

(f)

$$\text{Solve } (3x - 1)^2 = 17 - 6x$$

$$x = -\frac{4}{3}, x = \frac{4}{3}$$

(g)

$$\text{Solve } (10x - 7)(x - 2) = 12x$$

$$x = \frac{7}{2}, x = \frac{2}{5}$$

(h)

$$\text{Solve } (x + 2)^3 = 4 + x(x^2 + 1)$$

$$x = -\frac{4}{3}, x = -\frac{1}{2}$$

(i)

$$\text{Solve } \sqrt{5x - 6} = 3 - 2x$$

$$x = \frac{5}{4}, x = 3$$

(j)

$$\text{Solve } x + \sqrt{4(x - 2)} = 5$$

$$x = 11, x = 3$$