Crack the Code — Volumes of Revolution

A	The curve $y = x^3$ and the line $y = 2 - x$ meet at the point $(1, 1)$. The region R is bounded by the curve $y = x^3$, the line $y = 2 - x$ and the x-axis. Find the exact volume of the solid formed when R is rotated $360°$ about the x-axis.	**B**	The region R is bounded by the curve $y = 2\sqrt{x}$ and the line $y = x$. Find the exact volume of the solid formed when the region R is rotated 2π radians about the x-axis.
C	The region R is formed between the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 25$, the line $y = \frac{4}{3}x$ and the positive y-axis. Find the exact volume of the solid formed when the region R is rotated 2π radians about the y-axis.	**D**	The region R is bounded by the curve $y = \sqrt{x}$, the line $\frac{1}{2}x + y = 4$ and the positive y-axis. Find the exact volume of the solid formed when the region R is rotated $360°$ about the y-axis.
E	The region R is formed between the curves $y = x^2$ and $y = 3 - 2x^2$. Find the exact volume of the solid formed when the region R is rotated 2π radians about the y-axis.	**F**	The region R is formed between the curves $y^2 = x$ and $y = x^2$ and the x-axis. Find the exact volume of the solid formed when the region R is rotated 2π radians about the x-axis.

Add all your answers together, then multiply by 21 and divide by π.
To get the three-digit code, round your answer to the nearest integer.