## Upper and Lower Bounds Revision

| (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Find the upper and lower bounds of 286 metres to the nearest metre. | Find the upper and lower bounds of 21 cm to the nearest cm . | Find the upper and lower bounds of 7.8 cm to 1 decimal place. | Find the upper and lower bounds of 5.24 kg to 2 decimal places. |
| (e) | (f) | (g) | (h) |
| Find the upper and lower bound of 80 cm to 1 significant figure. | Find the upper and lower bound of 5.6 kg to 2 significant figures. | A square has a side length of 4.1 cm to 1 decimal place. Find the lower bound of the perimeter of the square. | A rectangle measures 10 cm by 15 cm , both to the nearest cm . Find the upper bound of the area of the rectangle. |
| (i) | (j) | (k) | (I) |
| $a=b-c$ <br> $c=18$ correct to 2 significant figures. $b=4.7$ correct to 1 decimal place. Find the upper and lower bounds of $a$. | $p=\frac{q}{r}$ <br> $q=20$ correct to 1 significant figure. $r=6.3$ correct to 1 decimal place. Find the lower bound of $p$ to 3 significant figures. | $\begin{gathered} c=\frac{d-e}{f} \\ d=46, e=8.5, f=15, \text { all } \end{gathered}$ correct to 2 significant figures. Find the upper bound of $c$ to 2 decimal places. | $\begin{aligned} x & =\frac{3 a}{g-b} \\ a=28, b & =12, g=18, \text { all } \end{aligned}$ <br> correct to 2 significant figures. <br> Find the lower bound of $x$ to 3 significant figures. |

