Reflection and Rotation Matrices

A triangle with coordinates (3,2), (5,2) and (3,6) is transformed by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$. By pre-multiplying, find the coordinates of the transformed triangle. Draw this transformation on a grid and hence describe it fully.

A triangle with coordinates (-3,2), (-5,2) and (-3,5) is transformed by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$. By pre-multiplying, find the coordinates of the transformed triangle. Draw this transformation on a grid and hence describe it fully.

A triangle with coordinates (2,3), (4,3) and (4,7) is transformed by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$. By pre-multiplying, find the coordinates of the transformed triangle. Draw this transformation on a grid and hence describe it fully.

A triangle with coordinates (3,1), (5,1) and (3,5) is transformed by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$. By pre-multiplying, find the coordinates of the transformed triangle. Draw this transformation on a grid and hence describe it fully.

The transformation matrix $\begin{pmatrix} a & 2 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ maps the point (3, 4) onto the point (2, b). Work out the values of a and b.

$$(3,2) \rightarrow (-3,2)$$

 $(5,2) \rightarrow (-5,2)$
 $(3,6) \rightarrow (-3,6)$
Reduction in y-axis

$$(2,3) \rightarrow (-3,-2)$$

 $(4,3) \rightarrow (-3,-4)$
 $(4,7) \rightarrow (-7,-4)$
Redlection in the line $y=-\infty$

$$(3,1) \rightarrow (-3,-1)$$

 $(5,1) \rightarrow (-5,-1)$
 $(3,5) \rightarrow (-3,-5)$
Rotation 180° about
the origin
 $(a2)(3) = (2)$
 $(-11)(4) = (b)$
 $3a+8=2$
 $-3+4=b$
 $a=-2$
 $b=1$