

## Solving Quadratics Using the Formula

Solve these quadratic equations, giving your answers to 2 decimal places.

- (a)  $x^2 + 5x + 1 = 0$
- (b)  $x^2 - 5x + 1 = 0$
- (c)  $2x^2 + 5x + 1 = 0$
- (d)  $2x^2 - 7x - 6 = 0$
- (e)  $4x^2 + x - 6 = 0$
- (f)  $4x^2 + 9x - 2 = 0$

- (a)  $x = -0.21, x = -4.79$
- (b)  $x = 4.79, x = 0.21$
- (c)  $x = -0.22, x = -2.28$
- (d)  $x = 4.21, x = -0.71$
- (e)  $x = 1.11, x = -1.36$
- (f)  $x = 0.20, x = -2.45$

Solve these quadratic equations, giving your answers to 2 decimal places.

- (a)  $2x^2 = 5x + 6$
- (b)  $x^2 + 7x = 2$
- (c)  $5x^2 = 11x + 3$
- (d)  $2x^2 = 3 - 5x$

- (a)  $x = 3.39, x = -0.89$
- (b)  $x = 0.27, x = -7.27$
- (c)  $x = 2.45, x = -0.25$
- (d)  $x = 0.5, x = -3$

Solve these quadratic equations, leaving your answers in surd form.

- (a)  $4x^2 - 9x + 4 = 0$
- (b)  $7x^2 + 3x = 2$
- (c)  $x^2 + 3x - 6 = 0$
- (d)  $7x^2 + 12x + 2 = 0$

- (a)  $\frac{9 \pm \sqrt{17}}{8} = x$
- (b)  $\frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{65}}{14} = x$
- (c)  $x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{33}}{2}$
- (d)  $x = \frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{22}}{7}$

(a) The answers to a quadratic equation are  $x = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{37}}{2}$ .

What is the quadratic equation?

(b) Solve the equation

$$x + \frac{3}{x} = 7$$

Give your answers correct to 2 decimal places.

(c) What is special about the solutions to the equation

$$4x^2 - 4x + 1 = 0$$

(a)  $x^2 - 3x - 7 = 0$

(b)  $x^2 + 3 = 7x$   
 $x^2 - 7x + 3 = 0$   
 $x = 6.54, x = 0.46$

(c) They are both the same  
 $x = \frac{1}{2}$   
 (repeated roots)