| (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Evaluate: <br> (a) $36 \frac{3}{2}$ <br> 216 <br> (b) $64^{-2 / 3}$ $\frac{1}{16}$ <br> (c) $324 / 5$ | $\begin{gathered} A=2^{3} \times 5^{4} \times 7^{2} \times 13 \\ B=2^{5} \times 5 \times 7^{5} \times 11 \end{gathered}$ <br> (a) Find the highest common factor (HCF) of $A$ and $B$ $2^{3} \times 5 \times 7^{2}$ <br> (b) Find the lowest common factor of $2 A$ and $5 B$ $2^{5} \times 5^{4} \times 7^{5} \times 11 \times 13$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Calculate } \\ \frac{\left(5.2 \times 10^{61}\right) \times\left(8.7 \times 10^{75}\right)}{2.6 \times 10^{5}} \end{gathered}$ <br> giving your answer in standard form $1.74 \times 10^{132}$ | Use an algebraic method to show that $0.6 \dot{2} \dot{1}=\frac{41}{66}$ $\begin{gathered} x=0.6 \dot{2} \dot{1} \\ 10 x=6 . \dot{2} \dot{1} \\ 1000 x=621 . \dot{2} \dot{1} \\ 990 x=615 \\ x=\frac{615}{990}=\frac{41}{66} \end{gathered}$ |
| (e) | (f) | (g) | (h) |
| Rationalise the denominator of $\frac{5+\sqrt{12}}{2-\sqrt{3}}$ <br> giving your answer in the form $a+b \sqrt{3}$ $16+9 \sqrt{3}$ | $a=5$ correct to the nearest integer, $b=20$ correct to 1 significant figure and $c=7.5$ correct to 1 decimal place. <br> Find the upper and lower bounds of $\frac{b-c}{a}$ $\begin{gathered} U B=3.9 \\ L B=1.3 \dot{5} \dot{4} \end{gathered}$ | Write $\frac{8^{3} \times \sqrt{4^{10}}}{16^{3 / 2}}$ <br> as a single power of 2 $\begin{gathered} \frac{2^{9} \times 2^{10}}{2^{6}} \\ =2^{13} \end{gathered}$ | Una invested $\$ 4000$ at a compound interest rate of $x \%$. After 7 years, her investment is worth $\$ 4787.31$. Find the value of $x$. $x=2.6$ |

