| Calculating with Upper and Lower Bounds |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Given that $a$ is 40 to the nearest 10 and $b$ is 8 correct to the nearest integer: | Given that $e$ is 20 correct to the nearest five and $f$ is 2.5 correct to 1 decimal place: | Given that $p$ is 200 to 1 significant figure and $q$ is 25 to 2 significant figures: | Given that $x$ is 3 to the nearest integer, $y$ is 1.5 to the nearest tenth and $z$ is 12 to 2 significant figures: |
| (a) | (d) | (g) | (j) |
| Find the upper and lower bounds of $10 a$ $\begin{aligned} & L B=350 \\ & U B=450 \end{aligned}$ | Find the upper and lower bounds of $e-f$ $\begin{aligned} & L B=14.95 \\ & U B=20.05 \end{aligned}$ | Find the upper and lower bounds of $\sqrt{p}$ $\begin{aligned} & L B=12.247449 \\ & U B=15.811388 \end{aligned}$ | Find the upper and lower bounds of $2(x+z-y)$ $\begin{aligned} & L B=24.9 \\ & U B=29.1 \end{aligned}$ |
| (b) | (e) | (h) | (k) |
| Find the upper and lower bounds of $a+b$ $\begin{aligned} & L B=42.5 \\ & U B=53.5 \end{aligned}$ | Find the upper and lower bounds of $\frac{e}{f}$ $\begin{aligned} & L B=6.862745 \\ & U B=9.183673 \end{aligned}$ | Find the upper and lower bounds of $\frac{1000}{p q}$ $\begin{aligned} & L B=0.156863 \\ & U B=0.272109 \end{aligned}$ | Find the upper and lower bounds of $\frac{z}{x-y}$ $\begin{gathered} L B=7.419355 \\ U B=13.157895 \end{gathered}$ |
| (c) | (f) | (i) | (I) |
| Find the upper and lower bounds of $a \times b$ $\begin{aligned} & L B=262.5 \\ & U B=382.5 \end{aligned}$ | Find the upper and lower bounds of $e^{2}$ $\begin{aligned} & L B=306.25 \\ & U B=506.25 \end{aligned}$ | Find the upper and lower bounds of $\sqrt{\frac{1}{p-q}}$ $\begin{aligned} & L B=0.066593 \\ & U B=0.089622 \end{aligned}$ | Find the upper and lower bounds of $z-x \times 2^{y}$ $\begin{aligned} & L B=1.251400 \\ & U B=5.669799 \end{aligned}$ |

